

### **Land Feature Data Collection**



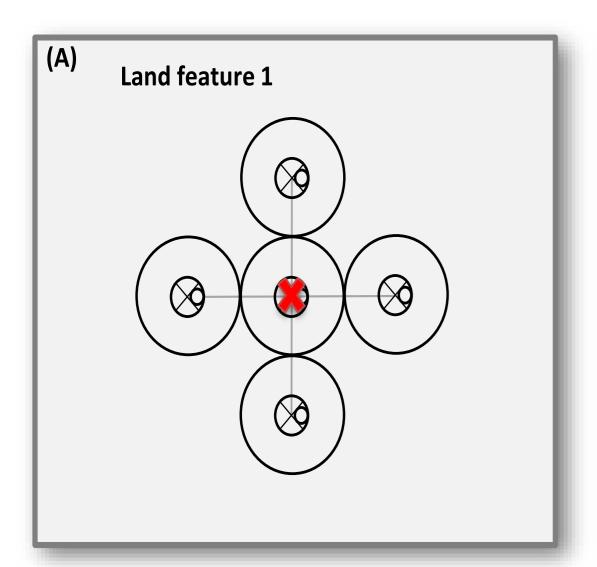
# Integration of remote sensing with field data using object based LCML/LCCS approach

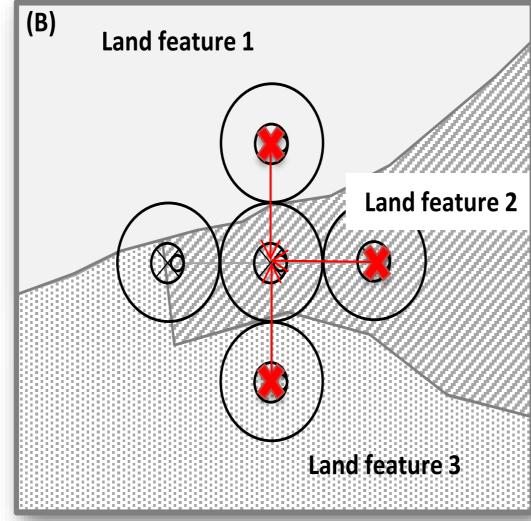
#### **DESCRIBING LAND FEATURE BY OBJECTS**

- Conventional system of assigning land classes (such as forest land, cropland, grassland etc.) in the field are often vague or lacks appropriate definitions to allow their **comparability** with classification systems used in different maps.
- The BFI methodology does not rely on such pre-defined land cover class names.
- Instead, a detailed description of the **objects** identified within homogeneous land area are recorded using the Land Cover Meta Language/Land Cover Classification System (LCML/LCCS) approach.
- Objects are the **physical features** of an area of land that is observed in the field at the time of data collection.
- The combination of objects within an homogeneous area of land constitutes a land feature.



## ASSINGMENT OF GEOGRAPHIC REFERENCE POINT TO LINK WITH SATELLITE IMAGERY

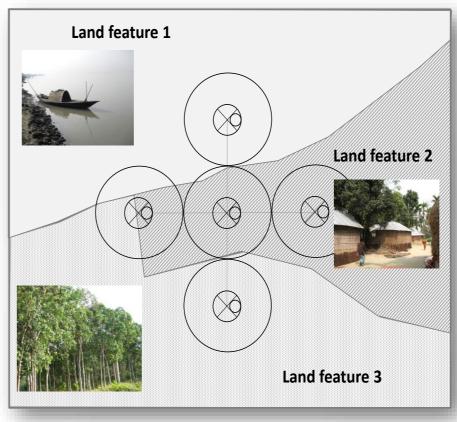




### WHAT DO WE NEED TO KNOW?

- How many land feature: 1
- How big: More than **0.5** ha
- Crown cover: 60-70%
- What are the different objects: **Tree**, **shrub**, **herb**.
- Characteristics of objects: artificiality, object cover, growth form, management, comments, etc.

## IDENTIFICATION OF LAND FEATURE WITH SUPPORT FROM REMOTE SENSING





#### **USE OF OPEN FORIS COLLECT (OFC)**

