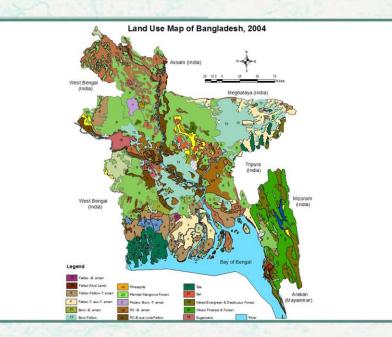




Proceedings of training on translation and harmonization of SRDI land use map legend into LCCS (v.3)



Bangladesh Forest Department 15-17 February 2016





Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations The Forest Department of Bangladesh leads actions to improve forest management and conservation, adopting forward thinking, innovative approaches in its management of approximately 1.55 million hectares of land across the country.

In 2015, the Forest Department began a process to establish a National Forest Inventory and Satellite Land Monitoring System for improved forest and natural resource management. The process supports national objectives related to climate change mitigation and provides information in support of the UN-REDD programme aimed at Reducing Emissions from Deforestation and Forest Degradation (REDD+). The process also addresses domestic information needs and supports national policy processes related to forests and the multitude of interconnected human and environmental systems that forests support.

The activities implemented under the Bangladesh Forest Inventory process are collaboration between several national and international institutions and stakeholders. National partners from multiple government departments and agencies assist in providing a nationally coordinated approach to land management. International partners, including the United Stated Agency for International Development (USAID) and the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO) are supporting the development of technical and financial resources that will assist in institutionalizing the process.

The results will allow the Forest Department to provide regular, updated information about the status of trees and forests for a multitude of purposes including for assessment of role of trees for firewood, medicines, timber, and climate change mitigation.

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Disclaimer

This report is designed to reflect the activities and progress related to the project GCP/GD/058/USAID "Strengthening National Forest Inventory and Satellite Forest Monitoring System in support of REDD+ in Bangladesh". This report is not authoritative information sources – it does not reflect the official position of the supporting international agencies including USAID or FAO and should not be used for official purposes. Should readers find any errors in the document or would like to provide comments for improving its quality they are encouraged to contact one of above contacts.

Executive Summary

From 15 to 17 February 2016, FAO and SRDI conducted a training on 'Translation and Harmonization of SRDI Land Use Map Legend in to LCCS (v.3)' toward the integration of forest and other land use mapping activities' with the trainers support from Bangladesh Society of Geoinformatics (BSGI) as a part of capacity building program and technical cooperation at SRDI premises, Dhaka. The aim of the training was to present and share knowledge of common practices of land cover and land use mapping in Bangladesh and leading the methodology of land cover classification system (LCCS) developed by FAO and to translate map legend using this system. An overview and hands on exercise of LCCS has been taught to the develop and understand the current land use map of SRDI. Total six participants attended in three days training from BFD and SRDI.

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Introduction

In the context of the project "Development of National Land Cover Database and accuracy assessment" Bangladesh Society of Geo-informatics (BSGI) aims to introduce Land Cover Classification Systems v.3 (LCCS 3) developed by FAO to the leading land cover and land use map producing organizations. Since there is no national reference system for land cover/land use mapping exist in the country, so it is important to study different sources of maps to make a common system. Several national organizations (BFD, SRDI, BARC, SPARRSO, SOB, etc.) have been producing Land Cover or related maps for Bangladesh that integrates the different definitions and legends. Besides, the land cover/land use map produced by different organizations used different raw (type and time) data, classification methods, scale, projection systems etc. Moreoverevery organization produces land cover or related maps based on the organizational requirements. Therefore we need a central database including common definitions and legends.

The main objective the training was to build capacity to the professionals of SRDI and BFD on land cover and land use mapping using LCCS and exploring harmonization possibilities with land use maps produced at national level as well as to integrate national reference system.

The specific objectives were:

- To introduce Land Cover Classification Systems (LCCS v3) developed by FAO to SRDI
- To provide technical assistance to translate existing maps of SRDI and BFD
- To explore harmonization possibilities of SRDI and BFD maps

Inauguration Session

The training was inaugurated by Mr. Khandker Moyeenuddin, Director of SRDI, Dhaka. Mr. Moyeenuiddinn emphasized the importance of the up-to-date land cover and land use map for the nation. Mr. Md. Nazmul Hasan, PSO, SRDI briefly discussed the background about the SRDI developed land cover map and necessity of harmonization for their internal and other external maps. Dr. Laskar Muqsudur Rahman from FAO expressed the national concern for a common mapping system. Mr. Mohammad Abdul Hadi of BSGI firstly discussed about the contents of the training and later talked about the common difficulties those a user regularly faces while working with different maps from different organizations.

Day 1: Overview of Common Practices of Land Cover Mapping in Bangladesh and LCCS v3

In the first session of the training, Mr. Hadi presented common practices of land cover mapping in Bangladesh highlighting understanding of Land Cover, Land Cover Mapping: Common practices, Organizations producing Land Cover or related maps for Bangladesh, Example Land Cover Map, comparisons of different land cover maps between different organizations, Example Map of a Land Cover Map, Challenges of land cover representations and finally initiatives that we needed.

Second sessions of the training covered

- LCCS3 software installation
- Step by steps how to create legends in LCCS3 with demo data

Day 2: Development land covers land use definition and legends from existing maps

The first session of the covered to create existing map legend from SRDI Land Use 2004 and NFA 2005 map and update attribute. Later the trainers and participants openly discusses what are the properties of a legend can be identified and where to change and update.

In the second session, the participants from SRDI have started to create legends (LCCS files) for 'Land Use Map 2004' by one group and 'Land Use Map 1997' by another group. The participants from BFD involved preparing LCCS file for NFA 2005 map.

Day 3: Review and update

In the first session the participants continued to prepare legend files.

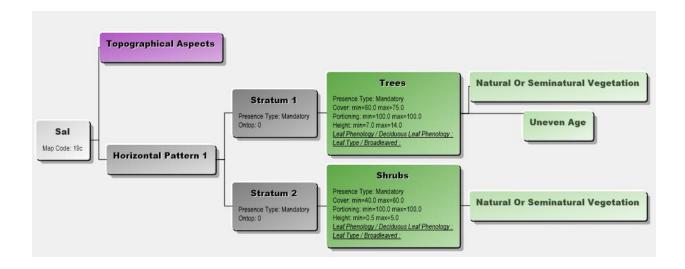
In the second session, the resource persons discussed on the difficulties faced by the participants while preparing the LCCS file. The sessions also discussed how to integrate harmonization of the legends the participants have prepared from different organization.

Different land cover and land use legends integration

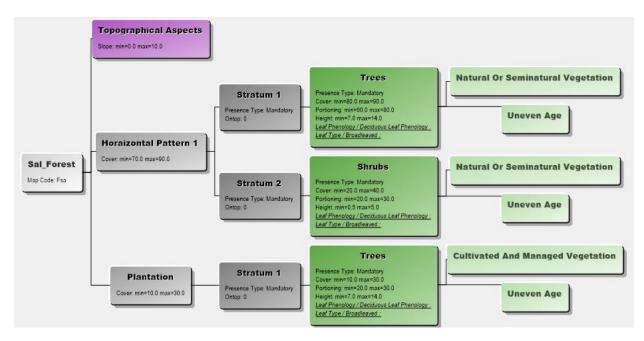
Two separate sessions were dedicated to this item and moderated by the resource persons from BSGI. After the translation of the map legends, the technicalities of the legend integration between the existing SRDI land use maps and BFD National Forest Assessment 2005 maps can be shown in the following way:

Legend example 1: Sal Forest

LCCS Diagram of SRDI Land Use 2004 Map (Code: 19c)

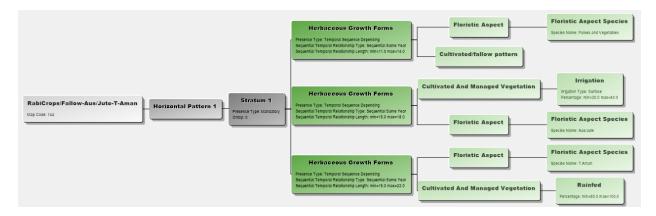


LCCS Diagram of NFA 2005 Map (Code: FSa)

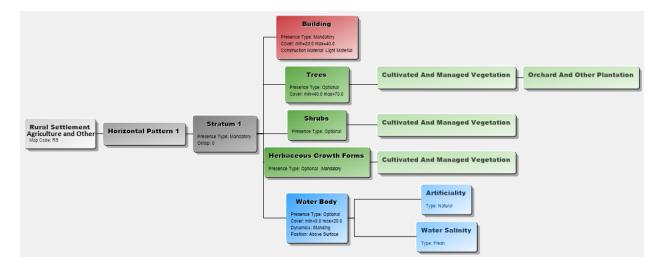


Legend example 2: Triple Cropland/Agriculture land

LCCS Diagram of SRDI Land Use 2004 Map (Code: 14a)

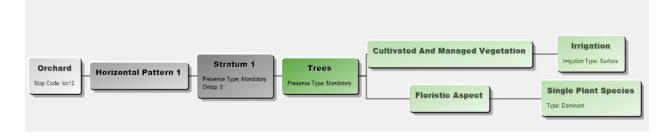


LCCS Diagram of NFA 2005 Map

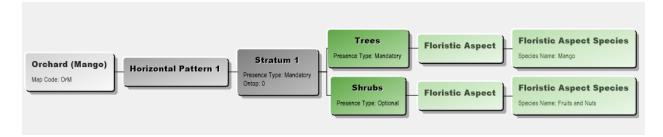


Legend example 3: Orchard or Perianal Crops (like sugarcane)

LCCS Diagram of SRDI Land Use 2004 Map (Code: 16a/16b)



LCCS Diagram of NFA 2005 Map (Mango or other orchards)



Definition problem/gaps in legend harmonizing from existing maps

- The main challenge to develop land cover definition and legend has been identified in agricultural land cover (due to variation in crop rotation, etc.)
- Some land cover definition should be changed in existing SRDI land cover map, for example water definition by SRDI '12 months of water presence in the land' whereas, in haor or baor area where water presence is more than 7 months some cases 9 months and the made legend as Rice-fallow which could be Rice-water-water (Paddy rice)
- As per the legend of SRDI (e.g. Rabi crops/Fallow-Aus/Jute-T.Aman) cropping pattern overlap with many other legends which is the critical issue for translate. The pattern dominates in each category can be defined a class to resolve however it is also a problem in many cases.

Conclusion:

As per the organizational needs the land use maps are prepared in different organizations. Definition of the legends of the map depicted particular interest and many cases that does not reflect national requirements. The classes of forest map represented many different forest classes whereas agriculture classes are merged with rural settlement and other classes on the other hand SRDI maps presented plenty of agricultural rotation pattern and this is the main difficulties to harmonize the translated legends. The recommendation of the training is to prepare a national reference system and afterwards the harmonization can be performed.

List of participants

SI.	Name	Designation	Organization	Email
No				
1	Dilruba Karim	Senior Scientific Officer	SRDI	<u>d_karim99@yahoo.com</u>
2	Neelima Akter Kohinoor	Senior Scientific Officer	SRDI	neel_srdi@yahoo.com
3	Farzana Shahrin	Senior Scientific Officer	SRDI	shahrin srdi@yahoo.com
4	Mohammed Ruhul Islam		SRDI	ruhul_islamb@yahoo.com
5	Afroza Begum	Research Officer	BFD	
6	AsmaIslam	Draftsman, RIMS	BFD	asmafd1967@gmail.com

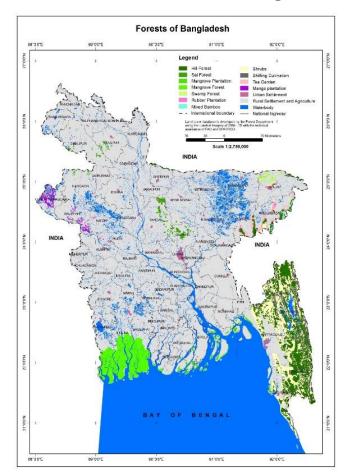
Mapping unit	Area (ha) & (Percentage)	Main Landuse	Secondary Landuse	Area(ha)	Percentage
1	(1 ereentage)	VEGETABLES ROTATION	Languise	v	
				228.10	0.22
1a	72,100	R.vegetables-K.vegetables	Rc-B.Aus/Jute-T.aman/F	33740	0.23 0.10
	(0.49 %)		Rc-B.Aus/Jute-1.aman/F Rc-Boro-T.aman	14750 13280	0.10
			Sugarcane;Orchard	10330	0.07
	2 500		Sugarcane, Orenard		
1b	3,500	R.vegetables-K.vegetables	Rc-B.aus/Jute-T.aman/F;	2900	0.02
	(0.02 %)		Sugarcane;Orchard	600	minor
2		RABI CROPS ROTATION			
	1,49,800	Rabi crops-B.aus/Jute-Fallow		88,240	0.60
	(1.02%)		Boro-T.aman;Rc-B.aus/F-T.aman;		
2a	(1.0276)		Sugarcane: R. veg-K. veg	35,110	0.24
			Boro-B.aman;F-mixed Aus/Jute/ Seasame & B.Aman;Boro-F	17 600	0.12
			Betelvine;Orchard	17,600 8,850	0.06
		Rabi crops-B.aus/Jute/Fallow		1,95,270	1.33
25	3,26,200		Boro-T.aman; Rc-Aus/Jute-F-T. Amar		0.40
26	(2.22%)		Rc-Aus/Maize/K.veg-F	48,700	0.33
			Rc-Boro-B.aman;Rc-B.aman/DTA	23,610	0.16
		Rabi crops-Fallow-Fallow		61,880	0.42
3	1,62,100		Groundnut-F	41,220 19,153	0.28
	(1.10%)		R.veg-Jute/F-F;Rc/Boro-DTA/B.aman	19,153	0.13 0.10
	()		Rc/F-Boro-T.aman Rc-UBA:Boro-F	$14,757 \\ 14,760$	0.10
			Sugarcane;Reed(Kashban);Fallow	10,330	0.07
		TDANCDIANTED AMAN DOTATIO			
4		TRANSPLANTED AMAN ROTATIO	1		
		Rabi crops/Fallow-Aus/Jute-T.aman	Boro-T.aman	67,3130	4.56
4a	11,90,100		R-veg-K.veg; Sugarcane;Groundnut-F	3 20 720	2.17
	(8.06%)		Rc-Sesame-T.aman		0.86
	(0.0070)		Belelvine;Perennial crop;	1,26,910	
			Ginger, Turmeric; Orchard	48,690	0.33
		D-himmer/E-llam to (X. C. T.	Boro-B.aman/DTA; F-B.aman/UBA	20,650	0.14
4b	2.33.00	Rabi crops/Fallow-Aus/Jute-T.aman	Boro-T.aman; Rc/Boro-UBA	10,030	0.07
	(0.16%)		Shrimp-T.aman;F-T.aman	4,420	0.03
	(0.1070)		R.veg-K.veg; Rc/F-T.aus-T.aman	2,950 2,950	0.02 0.02
			Sugarcane;Orchard	2,950	0.02
4c	1,06,600	Rabi crops-Di.aus-T.aman		72,790	0.50
	(0.73%)		F/Rc-F-T.aman	20,530	0.14
	(0.7570)		Boro-T.aman;Rc-T.aus-Taman	13,280	0.09
4d	22.200	Fallow-T.aus-T.aman	Po/T aug Taman Para Taman	17,100	0.12
	33,300		Rc/T.aus-T.aman;Boro-T.aman Sugarcane;Orchard;Forest	8,800	0.06
	(0.23%)		Boro-F	4,400 3,000	0.03 0.02
5		RABI CROPS/FALLOW	-JUTE/FALLOW-T.AMAN		
	20,200	Rabi crops/Fallow-Jute/		10,030	0.07
5a	(0.14%)	EU T	Boro-T.aman;F-T.aman	5 900	0.04
	(0.1470)		Sugarcane;Orchard;Tea;Stone collection	5,800 4,370	0.04 0.03
		Rabi crops/Fallow-Jute/		1,10,670	0.75
5b	2,34,700	Fallow-T.aman	Boro-T.aman; Rc/Tobacco-F-T.aman	51,650	0.35
	(1.59%)		Rc/F-T.aus-T.aman	26,560 23,690	0.18 0.16
			Sugarcane;Orchard;	22,130	0.15
		Rabi crops/Fallow-Fallow-T.aman	R.veg-K.veg	70,830	0.48
	1,40,800	Radi crops/ ranow-ranow-1.aman	Rc/F-T.aman/Di-aus-T.aman		
	(0.95%)		Boro-T.aman/DI-aus-T.aman Boro-T.aman;F-T.aman	47,720 17,730	0.32 0.12
5c	(0.2070)		Coconut;Betelnut;Orchard;		
			Mulbery;R.veg-K-veg	4,520	0.03
		Potato-Boro-T.aman		50,170	0.34
	7 52 00		Boro-Laman Re-Laus-Laman		
6	7,53,00		Boro-T.aman;Rc-T.aus-T.aman; Rc-F-T.aman	20,660	0.14

Annex -1: SRDI Land Use Map 2004 Legends

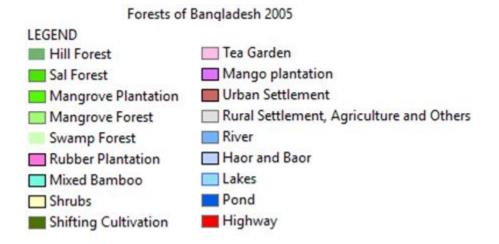
	75,100	Boro-T.aus-T.aman		4,52,70	0.30
	(0.50%)		ReT.aus/Jute-F;Pisiculture Boro-T.aman;Re-F-T.aman	17,930 11,900	0.12 0.08
		FALLOW-AUS-T.AMAN			
	5,18,200	Fallow-T.aus-T.aman		2,96,860	2.01
	(3.51%)		Rc-T.aus/F-T.aman;F-B.aus/B.aman	1.35.760	0.92
			Boro-T.aman;Boro-F R,veg-K.veg;Orchard;Forest	7,96,80 5,900	0.54 0.04
b	3,69,000	Fallow-T.aus-T.aman		1,91,930	1.30
	(2.50%)		Rc-F-T.aman	88,540	0.60
			Boro-T.aman;F-T.aman;Re-T.aus-T.aman F-B.aus/Jute-T.aman;Orchard; Sugarcane;Betelvine	59,020 29,510	0.40 0.20
	37,200	Fallow-Di.aus-T.aman		19,390	0.13
c	(0.25%)		Boro-T.aman;Rc-T.aus-T.aman; Rc-UBA/B.aman	11,910	0.08
			F-T.aman;F-T.aus-T.aman	5,900	0.08 0.04
		BORO-T.AMAN			
a	5,84,000	Boro-T.aman		3,68,560	2.50
	(3.96%)		Rc-Jute/Sesame/Chilli-T.aman	1,03,300	0.70
			Re-Boro-T.aman;F-T.aman R.veg-K.veg	88,540 17,700	0.60 0.12
			Sugarcane;Orchard;	5,900	0.04
	19,64,200	Boro-T.aman		12,97,140	8.79
	(13.31%)		Rc-Boro-T.aman	2,80,380	1.90
			Orchard;Sugarcane;R.veg-K.veg;Betelvine Rc-Jute/F-T.aman	1,34,280 1,32,810	0.91 0.90
			Rc-Boro-DTA;Boro-F Rc-T.aus-T.aman:Rc-F-T.aman	90,010	0.61
			Kc-1.aus-1.aman;Kc-F-1.aman	29,580	0.20
	2,20,700	Boro-T.aman		6,64,060	4.50
((8.27%)		RC-T.aus-/Jute-T.aman;F-T.aman Boro-F;Rc-UBA;Rc/F-B.aman	4,89,930 50,480	3.32 0.34
			R.veg-K.veg	13,280	0.09
		202 - 202	Orchard;Sugarcane;Turmeric;BeteInut;Betelvine	2,950	0.02
)d	30,200	Boro-T.aman	Boro-F	15,730 6,070	0.11 0.04
	(0.21%)		Rc/F-F/Jute-T.aman	4,020	0.03
			Shrimp-T.aman; Boro-Shrimp-F-T.aman	4,380	0.03
)e	34,400	Boro-T.aman		17,970	0.12
	(0.23%)		Rc-T.aus-T.aman;Boro-T.aus-T.aman;F-T.aman R.veg-K.veg;Orchard	10,530 2,950	0.07 0.02
			Shrimp-F;Saltbed	2,950	0.02
10		FALLOW-FALLOW-T.AMAN			
	1,05,700	Fallow-Fallow-T.aman	Poro Taman' Po E Tamon' Po Tano Taman'	67,380	0.46
a	(0.72%)		Boro-T.aman;Rc-F-T.aman;Rc-T.aus-T.aman; R.veg-K.veg	29,470	0.20
			Sugarcane;Orchard; Betelvine	8,850	0.06
	1,78,400	Fallow-Fallow-T.aman		1,03,800	0.70
0b	(1.20%)		Boro-T.aman;Rc-F-T.aman	59,520 10,660	0.40 0.07
			Orchard F-T.aus-T.aman	4,420	0.07
		Fallow-Fallow-T.aman		1,66,750	1.13
	2,70,100 (1.83%)	A SHAVE A MAY IT A MINUM	Srimp-T.aman; Boro-T.aman		0.50
0c (1.05%)		Rc-T.aman;F-Sesame-T.aman;Betelvine	73,780 29,570	0.20
4	4,77,700	Fallow-Fallow-T.aman		3,24,650	2.20
	(3.23%)		F-T.aus-T.aman Rc-F-T.aman;R.veg-K.veg	63,950 56,640	0.43 0.38
			Rc-Di.aus-T.aman;Boro-T.aman;Boro-F	29,510	0.20
			Planted Mangrove forest	2,950	0.02

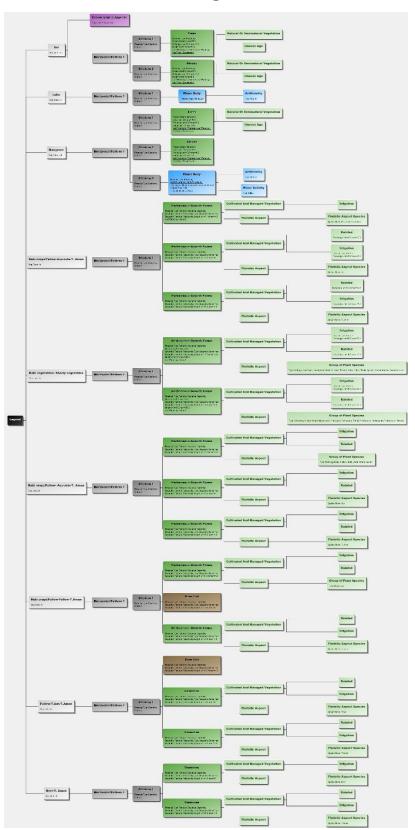
		BROADCAST AMAN	NROTATION		
11	5,03,400 (3.41%)	Rabi crops-B.aman	Boro-B.aman/DTA;Boro-F Rc-aus/Jute/Sesame-T.aman;Rc-Dhaincha-F Rc-Mixed Aus/Sesame and B.aman; Sugarcane	2,80,580 1,49,040 61,980 11,800	1.90 1.01 0.42 0.08
12		BORO-B.AMAN			
2a	55,100 (0.38%)	Boro-B.aman/DTA	Boro-F;Boro-T.aman;F/Re-Boro-B.aman/DTA Re-B.aman:Re-UBA Sugarcane:Re-Jute-Aman	2,90,00 17,300 4,400 4,400	0.20 0.12 0.03 0.03
		Boro-B.aman	bugareane, te vale i mar	29,400	0.20
12h	64,800 (0.44%)		F/Re-B.aman;F/Re-UBA Boro-F;Boro-DTA;Boro-T.aman	20640 14,760	0.14 0.10
	93,400	Boro-B.aman		48,900	0.33
12c	(0.63%)		Boro-Shrimp;Shrimp-F;F-B.aman;F-UBA F(Water logged)	29,700 14,800	0.20 0.10
		Fallow-B.aman		12,000	0.08
13	22,400 (0.15%)		F-UBA;Boro-F	5,940	0.04
		BORO-ROTATION	Rc-F;T.aman;Nursery	4,460	0.03
4				1.0.1 700	1.25
4a	3,32,700 (2.25%)	Boro-Falllow	Rc/F-DTA;Rc-B.aus/Jute/Sesame-F Rc/F/UBA;Boro-T.aman;Rc-Boro-F	1,84,700 1,18,400 29,600	1.25 0.80 0.20
46	3,66,900 (2.49%)	Boro-Falllow	Rc/F-B.aman;Boro-T.aman Rc-Boro-F	2,19,870 1,18,030 29,000	1.49 0.80 0.20
4c	9,00900 (6.11%)	Boro-Falllow	Boro-B.aman/DTA Boro-T.aman Boro-UBA:Re/F-B.aus-T.aman	6,05,760 1,47,570 1,03,300 44,270	4.11 1.00 0.70 0.30
4d	2,20,300 (1.50%)	Boro-Falllow	Grazing grass;water bodies	1,47,020 73,280	1.00 0.50
4e	16,900 (0.11%)	Boro-Falllow	F-B.aman Boro-Shrimp;F-T.aman;Boro-Aus/B.aman	6,200 6,200 4,500	0.04 0.04 0.03
15		ANNUAL CROPS			
5a	9,400 (0.06%)	Pineapple	Tumeric;Banana;Papya etc. Rc-B.aus/Jute-F-Boro-T.aman Forest	3,140 3,130 3,130	0.02 0.02 0.02
15b	2,21,200 (1.50%)	Sugarcane	Rc-B.aus/Jute/Sesame-T.aman;Boro-B.aman Boro-T.aman R.veg-K.veg;Orchard	88,500 73,700 44,250 14,750	0.60 0.50 0.30 0.10
16		PERENNIAL CROPS			
6a	24,900 (0.17%)	Orchard		10,200	0.07
			Mixed thickets &ForestJhum;Rubber Boro-T.aman;Re-F/T.aus-T.aman Mixed evergreen & deciduous Forest	5,900 4400 4400	0.04 0.03 0.03
	1,73,300	Orchard		88,900	0.60
6b	(1.17%)		Rc/F-Aus/Jute/Sesame-T.aman;Boro-T.aman Sugarcane;R.veg-K.veg;Mulbery	59,200 25,200	0.40 0.17
16c	95,600	Tea		51,450	0.35
	95,600 (0.65%)		Mixed thickets &ForestPineapple;Ginger; Turmeric;Banana;BeteInut	29,400	0.20
			F-T.aus-T.aman;F-T.aman;R.veg-K.veg	14,750	0.10

17	6,0000 (0.41%)	SALTBED	Shrimp-F; F-T.aman; F/Re-T.aman; Boro-F	44,000 16000	0.30 0.11
	(3.11/0)	SHRIMP	Mangrove forest	64,630	0.44
18	1,08,800 (0.74%)	SHRIMI	F-T. aman; Shrimp-F F-Sesame-T. aman	36,790 7,380	0.25 0.05
19		FOREST			
19a	5,57,200	Mixed Evergreen & Deciduous Forest (including Reserved Forest)		4,54,320	3.08
	(3.78%)		Jhum;Mixed Thickets & Forest Rubber;Orchard F-T.aus-T.aman;Boro-T.aman;F-Taman;	66,000 29,500 7,380	0.45 0.20 0.05
19b	9,98,300	Mixed thickets & Forest		72,640	4.92
	(6.76%)		Jhum;Rubber;Tea Orchard;R.veg-K.veg F-T.aus-T.aman;F-Taman;Boro-T.aman;	1,12,100 1,15,200 35,700	0.82 0.78 0.24
19c	92,100	Deciduous Forest(Sal)		44,270	0.30
IX	(0.62%)		Boro-T.aman Orchard;Perennial crop R.veg-K.veg;Boro-F	29,500 11,800 5,900	0.20 0.08 0.04
20		MANGROVE FOREST			
20a	4,59,700 (3.11%)	Mangrove Forest		4,59,700	3.11
20b	73,000	Planted Mangrove Forest		63,400	0.43
	(0.50%)		F-T.aman Shrimp-F	7,300 2,300	0.05 0.02
21		BEACH			
21a	7,800 (0.06%)	Beach		7,500	0.06
			F/Rc-T.aman;Coconut;Casurina	320	minor
	34,500	Fallow (Mud land)		26,560	0.18
21b	(0.23%)		Grassland;Planted Mangrove forest	7,380	0.05
Miscell	aneous Land :	Urban River and Water bodies Kaptai Lake		68,100 7,38,400 55,000	
		Total		1,47,57,000	100.00



Annex - 2: BFD National Forest Assessment 2005 Legends





Annex – 3: SRDI Land Use 2004 LCCS Diagram



Annex – 4: National Forest Assessment 2005 LCCS Diagram