Strengthening Regional Cooperation for Wildlife Protection Project (SRCWP)

Indigenous People Plan

Biodiversity conservation through the protection and restoration of water sources of Pablakhali Protected Area under Rangamati district











North South University



World Bank



Bangladesh Forest Department

IPP is carried out on a monthly basis. A list of the dates of the IPP meetings and community consultation is attached is the annex 1. In all meetings, small indigenous groups of people from surrounding local area, forest department officials and local Headman (Karbari) of the village are invited.



Figure 1The first IPP held in the presence of Mr. ShantulLarma

Methods used for preparing IPP

A combination of methods was used to gather the necessary information. These methods include, community meetings, focus group discussions, one on one interviews etc. The one on one survey is attached in annex 2. The methods allowed the proponent to gather not only local information, but also information about field implementation.

Given below are the agenda and objectives that were discussed in the meeting:

Agenda:

- 1. Inform the local community about the project goal and objectives
 - a. Identification of spring
 - b. Flora and fauna survey
 - c. Conservation of spring water
 - d. Implementation of watershed management model
- 2. Aware locals about biodiversity habitat conservation and water conservation
- 3. Implementation and maintenance of watershed management model
- 4. Long-term impacts of project activities on locals
- 5. Receive feedback and suggestions from locals







Figure 3 Community meeting held at the local forest department office

Meeting minutes

- People from different hill and forest dwelling communities, members from local Union Parishad,
 and local spiritual leaders remain present in most of the meetings.
- The goal and objectives of the project were discussed and explained to the people attending the meeting.
- After explanation of the above mentioned activities, the feedback and suggestions from the participants are received.
- Concerns about the structural interventions were raised.
- Concerns about the impact of the project on the rice fields were raised.
- The participants of the meeting raised several questions which were responded accordingly.
- They mentioned that the forest is depleting rapidly which resulted in water scarcity in lean period, wildlife especially the elephant and other large mammalian species are in grave danger. Conflicts between elephant and human are also a problem here. Their people are injured, crops are raided, and houses are being damaged. They are also chasing elephant away from our crop land.
- Food became scarce in the forest.
- The wetlands in around the Pablakhali ProtectedArea vanishing fast.
- The swamp and reed lands are literally been exterminated.
- They are happy to learn that the project proponent will be addressing the issue of watershed and wildlife.
- Different water conservation techniques were observed in the meeting, i.e. slow sand filter and rain water harvesting
- The attendants appreciated the initiative taken by the project and promised to provide support and co-operation to the project proponent in any way possible.



Figure 4 Community meeting held at Para Chara in collaboration with forest department officials

It can be noted here that the project did not face any problem while disseminating the ideas of the project to the local participants. Furthermore the participants were enthusiastic about the project and appreciated the initiative taken by the project proponent to resolve the water crisis situation.



Figure 5 One on One interviews taking place at the local village

Annexure

Annex 1: List of dates when the IPP meetings

SI	Date	Location	Time
			-
1	05.05.2014	Pablakhali Protected Area	3.00 pm to 4.30pm
2	06.06.2014	Pablakhali Protected Area	4.00 pm – 5.00 pm
3	27.7.2014	Pablakhali Protected Area	4.00 pm – 5.00 pm
4	14.08.2014	Pablakhali Protected Area	11.00 a.m – 12.00 pm
5	25.08.2014	Pablakhali Protected Area	11.00 a.m – 12.00 pm
6	15.09.201	Pablakhali Protected Area	11.00 a.m – 12.00 pm
7	25.09.2014	Pablakhali Protected Area	11.00 a.m – 12.00 pm
8	14.10.2014	Pablakhali Protected Area	11.00 a.m – 12.00 pm
9	27.10.2014	Pablakhali Protected Area	11.00 a.m – 12.00 pm
10	15.11.2014	Pablakhali Protected Area	11.00 a.m – 12.00 pm
11	27.11.2014	Pablakhali Protected Area	11.00 a.m – 12.00 pm
12	7.12.2014	Pablakhali Protected Area	4.00 pm – 5.00 pm

Annex 2: One on one survey (please note that 100 families of our study area have been surveyed the data is being analyzed.

NORTH SOUTH UNIVERSITY

Department of Environmental Science and Management



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Strengthening Regional Cooperation for Wildlife Protection Project (SRCWP)

Bangladesh Forest Department

Dhaka, Bangladesh

Interview Details
Name of Interviewer:
Phone No:
Date of Interview:
Time of Interview:
GPS coordinates:

	Socio Economic Aspect	
		Code
Name		
Address		
How long have you been living here?		
Sex	☐ Male -01☐ Female -02	_ _
Age	☐ Under 12 − 01 ☐ 12-17 years − 02 ☐ 18-24 years − 03 ☐ 25-34 years − 04 ☐ 35-44 years − 05 ☐ 45-54 years − 06 ☐ 55-64 years − 07 ☐ 65-74 years − 08 ☐ 75 above − 09	_ _
Marital Status	☐ Single − 01 ☐ Married − 02 ☐ Separated − 03 ☐ Widowed − 04	_ _
Religious Group	☐ Muslim − 01 ☐ Buddist − 02	_ _

		Hindu – 03		
		Christian - 04		
		Others – 05		
Ethnicity		Bengali – 01		
		Chakma – 02		1 1 1
		Marma – 03		1_1_1
		Others – 04		
Level of Education		Junior High Schoo	ol – 01	
		SSC	-02	
		HSC	-03	1 1 1
		Undergrad	- 04	1_1_1
		Postgrad	- 05	
		Others	-06	
Occupation Status		Student	-01	
		Self-employed	-02	
		Farmer	-03	1 1 1
		Service	-04	1_1_1
		Postgrad	- 05	
		Others	-06	
Monthly Income		0 to 3,000	-01	
Status		3,001 to 6,000	-02	
		6,001 to 10,000	-03	
		10,001 to 15,000	-04	
		15,001 to 20,000	- 05	
		20,001 to 25,000	- 06	
		25,001 to 30,000	- 07	
		30,001 to 35,000	-08	
		35,001 and above	2 – 09	
Are you a land owner		Yes	-01	
		No	-02	
				'-'-'
	E	Basic Inform	ation on Water	
Do you have streams		Yes	-01	
/ springs in your		No	- 02	1 1 1
locality or				1_1_1
surrounding area?	<u> </u>			
What water sources		Tubewell		
do you currently		Stream		
have?		Spring		
		Pond		
		Lake		

		Rainwater Others			
		Others			
What is your main		Tubewell	- 01		
source of water?		Stream	- 02		
		Spring	- 03		
		Pond	- 04		
		Lake	- 05		
		Rainwater	- 06		
		Others	- 07		
If others, what are they?					
Do you know what		Yes	-01		1 1 1
springs are?		No	-02		_ _
If yes, how many		0-5	-01		
springs do you think		0-5 6-10		. 0	
there are at			- 02		1 1 1
Pablakhali?		11-15	-03		_ _
		16-20	- 04	-30,	
Do you know the	<u> </u>	20 and above	- 05		
Do you know the source of this water?		Yes	-01		
Source of this water!		No	-02		_ _
Do you know what		Yes	-01		
streams are?		No	- 02		
If yes, how many		0-5	-01		
springs do you think		6-10	- 02		
there are at		11-15	- 03		
Pablakhali?		16-20	- 04		
		20 and above	- 05		
Do you know the		Yes	-01		
source of this water?		No	- 02		1_1_1
Is the availability of		Yes	-01		
water same		No	-02		
throughout the year?					
If no, which season		Summer	-01		
provides the most		Monsoon	- 02		
amount of water?		Winter	- 03		_ _
		Spring	- 04		
If no, which season		Summer	-01		
provides the least		Monsoon	- 02		
amount of water?		Winter	- 03		_ _
		Spring	- 04		

Do you think the		Yes	-01	1 1 1
streams are		No	-02	_ _
becoming seasonal?				
If yes, what do you				
think the problem is?				
What do you think				
are the possible				
solutions are?				
What are the				
methods that you use				
for getting water in				
the lean seasons?				
Do you think that				
restoration of natural				
streams / springs can				
address these				
problems?			.(0)	
	_			
Do you think solving		Yes	-01	
these problems can		No	-02	_ _
be feasible?				1 - 1 - 1
Are there any existing		Yes	-01	
local practices that		No	-02	
you have in your local				1_1_1
areas?				
If yes, what are they?				
			1	
Are they sufficient				
enough to address				
water shortages and				
related problems?				

Drinking Water Use					
What is your main		Tubewell	- 01		
source of Drinking water?		Stream	- 02		_ _

	Spring	- 03	
	Pond	- 04	
	Lake	- 05	
	Rainwater	- 06	
	Others	- 07	
Are you getting	Yes	-01	
sufficient drinking	No	-02	
water throughout the			_ _
year?			
If no, which season	Summer	-01	
provides the least	Monsoon	-02	
amount of water?	Winter	-03	_ _
	Spring	- 04	
How do you manage			
water in this season?			
What are the most			
difficult challenges of			
acquiring water in			>
this season?			
Who in your family			
manages water in			
crisis?			
	House	ehold Water Use	
What is your main	Tubewell	- 01	
source of water for	Stream	- 02	
household use?	Spring	- 03	
	Pond	- 04	
	Lake	- 05	'-'-
	Rainwater	- 06	
	Others	- 07	
Are you getting	Yes	-01	
sufficient water for	No	- 01 - 02	
household use	140	- 02	_ _

-01

-02

-03

-04

throughout the year?

If no, which season

provides the least

amount of water?

What are the most difficult challenges of acquiring water in this season?

Summer

Winter

Spring

Monsoon

How do you	
overcome these	
problems?	
Who in your family	
manages water in	
crisis?	

	W	ater Use fo	r Economic Sector	
How do you use		Agriculture	- 01	
water in the		Livestock	- 02	
economic sector?		Crafts	- 03	_ _
		Others	- 04	
If others, what is it?				
If agriculture, what		Wheat	- 01	
are crops that are		Paddy	- 02	
cultivated during the		Jum	- 03	
year?		Vegetables	- 04	
		Tobacco	- 05	
		Others	- 08	
If others, what is it?				
How many times the		Once	- 01	
agricultural lands are		Twice	- 02	
irrigated (Based on		Thrice	- 03	
crops)?		Four times	- 04	
What is your main		Tubewell	- 01	
source of water for		Stream	- 02	
Economic use?		Spring	- 03	
		Pond	- 04	
		Lake	- 05	'-'-'
		Rainwater	- 06	
		Others	- 07	
Are you getting		Yes	-01	
sufficient water for		No	- 02	1111
economic use throughout the year?				1_1_1
If no, which season		Summer	-01	
provides the least		Monsoon	-02	1 1 1
amount of water?		Winter	-03	_ _
		Spring	- 04	

How do they irrigate	
their land during the	
dry seasons?	
What are the most	
difficult challenges of	
acquiring water in	
this season?	
How do you	
overcome these	
problems?	

	Cul	tural and Ir	nstitutior	nal Aspect	
Is water culturally		Yes	-01		
significant?		No	-02		_ _
If yes, how?					
Do they have any		Yes	-01		
community based organizations for		No	-02		
water management?					'-'-'
If yes, how active are		Very active	-01		
they?		Sometimes	-02		1 1 1
		Mostly Inactive	-03		1-1-1
la thana ann Cart		Not active	-04		
Is there any Govt. institution for water		Yes	- 01 - 02		
management in the		No	- 02		
local area?					1-1-1
		<u> </u>			
If yes, how active are		Very active	-01		
they?		Sometimes	- 02		
		Mostly Inactive Not active	– 03 – 04		'-'-'
Is there any other		Yes	- 04 - 01		
NGO working in your		No	- 01 - 02		1 1 1
area?		140	02		1-1-1
If yes, how active are		Very active	-01		
they?		Sometimes	- 02		1 1 1
		Mostly Inactive	-03		_ _
		Not active	- 04		
Do you face any		Yes	-01		1 1 1
discrimination from		No	-02		_ _

any water					
management					
authority?					
If yes, how?					
Who do you think can	Government	-01			
help you the most in	NGO	-02			1 1 1
water management?	Community	- 03			1_1_1
	Others	- 04			
If others, what and					
how?					
				*	
What kind of support					
do you get from the					
above stakeholders			* (7,	
(government, NGO,					
Community leaders					
etc)?			~~		
Do you have any					
message that you like					
to share with any					
specific stake holders					
(government, NGO,					
Community leaders					
etc)?					
How do you feel					
about Biodiversity					
Conservation					
Rangamati District's					
initiative?					